On November 27, 1934, the product being spoiled and unfit for human consumption and the consignee, the Harrow-Taylor Butter Co., Kansas City, Mo., having consented to its destruction, judgment was entered ordering that it be destroyed.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

23604. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. Five 5-Gallon Cans, et al., of Cream. Decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 34901. Sample no. 3592-B.)

On November 28, 1934, the United States attorney for the Western District of Missouri, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of eight cans of cream at Kansas City, Mo., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about November 24, 1934, in various shipments by R. L. Fouts, Mound City, Kans.; F. J. King, Arkansas City, Kans.; R. L. Chenoweth, Woodward, Okla.; R. S. Welch, Waldron, Kans.; Claude Jenkins, Atlanta, Kans.; Gordon Lucas, Clearwater, Kans.; S. A. Ramsey, Mayfield, Kans.; E. R. Mercer, Burden, Kans., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, rancid,

putrid, filthy, and decomposed.

On November 28, 1934, the product being spoiled and unfit for human consumption, and the consignee, the Independent Creamery, Kansas City, Mo., having consented to its destruction, judgment was entered ordering that it be destroyed.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

23605. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. Eight 5-Gallon Cans of Cream. Decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 34906. Sample no. 27323-B.)

On December 15, 1934, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Missouri, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of eight 5-gallon cans of cream at St. Louis, Mo., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about December 10 and 11, 1934, in various shipments by William Gerson, from Golden Eagle, Ill.; Van Griffin, from Henderson, Tenn.; Hiemeier Sisters, from Okawville, Ill.; B. F. Riplogle, from Medina, Tenn.; Mrs. A. M. Smith, from Atoka, Tenn.; D. M. Odom, from Success, Ark.; J. C. Evans, from Flinton, Ill.; and Clayton Johnston, from Bradford, Ark., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, rancid, putrid,

filthy, and decomposed.

On December 15, 1934, the claimant having consented to the destruction of the product, judgment was entered ordering that it be destroyed.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

23606. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. Three 10-Gallon Cans of Cream. Decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 34907. Sample no. 27341-B.)

On December 15, 1934, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Missouri, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of three 10-gallon cans of cream at St. Louis, Mo., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about December 11 and 12, 1934, in various shipments by R. A. Edmonton, from Marmaduke, Ark.; Brown & Edwards, from Beebe, Ark.; and E. S. Sheppard, from Beebe, Ark.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, rancid, putrid,

filthy, and decomposed.

On December 15, 1934, the Beatrice Creamery Co., St. Louis, Mo., claimant, having consented to the destruction of the product, judgment was entered ordering that it be destroyed.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

23607. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. Seven 5-Gallon Cans of Cream. Decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 34908. Sample no. 3867-B.)

On December 15, 1934, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Missouri, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of seven 5-gallon cans

of cream at St. Louis, Mo., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about December 12, 1934, in various shipments by Tony H. Drexilina, from Alton, Ill.; Hite Stubblefield, from Pocahontas, Ark.; Mrs. Ina Holder, from Medina, Tenn.; J. M. Carroll, from Newbern, Tenn.; Mrs. H. E. Tomlison, from Magness, Ark.; Archie Watt, from Medina, Tenn.; and J. N. Pirtle, from Toone, Tenn.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, rancid, putrid,

filthy, and decomposed.

On December 15, 1934, the Blue Valley Creamery Co., St. Louis, Mo., claimant, having consented to the destruction of the product, judgment was entered ordering that it be destroyed.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

23608. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. One 5-Gallon Can and Three 10-Gallon Cans of Cream. Decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 34909. Sample no. 27338-B.)

On December 12, 1934, the United States attorney for the Western District of Missouri, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of four cans of cream at Neosho, Mo., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about December 4, 1934, in various shipments by Lee Wallis, Harrison, Ark.; F. A. Teague, Berryville, Ark.; and S. C. Sherman, Atlanta, Tex.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, rancid,

putrid, filthy, and decomposed.

On December 12, 1934, the product being spoiled and unfit for human consumption, and the consignee, the Cudahy Packing Co. of Louisiana, Ltd., Neosho, Mo., having consented to its destruction, judgment was entered ordering that it be destroyed.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

23609. Adulteration of cream. Gallon Cans of Cream. Sample no. 22771-B.) U. S. v. One 5-Gallon Can and Four 10-Decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 34910.

On November 28, 1934, the United States attorney for the Western District of Missouri, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of five cans of cream at Kansas City, Mo., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about November 19, 1934, by Mrs. Fred De Noya, Fairfax, Okla., and B. V. B. Cream Co., Rogers, Ark., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, rancid,

putrid, filthy, and decomposed.

On November 28, 1934, the product being spoiled and unfit for human consumption, and the consignee the Blue Valley Creamery Co., Kansas City, Mo., having consented to its destruction, judgment was entered ordering that it be destroyed.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

23610. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. Two 5-Gallon Cans of Cream. Decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 34911. Sample no. 27427-B.)

On November 28, 1934, the United States attorney for the Western District of Missouri, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of two cans of cream at Kansas City, Mo., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about November 23, 1934, by D. E. Ridenhour, Waldron, Ark., and Dan Macklin, Greeley, Kans., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, rancid,

putrid, filthy, and decomposed.

On November 30, 1934, the product being spoiled and unfit for human consumption, and the consignee, the Blue Valley Creamery Co., Kansas City., Mo., having consented to its destruction, judgment was entered ordering that it be destroyed.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.